

VOTAVA, Z.

Side reactions during the administration of monoaminooxidase
inhibitors and their connection with the eating of cheese.
Cas. lek. cesk. 104 no.15-74-75 16 Ap'65.

1. Farmakologicky ustav lekarske fakulty hygienicke Karlovy
University v Praze (prednosta: prof. dr. Z. Votava).

VOTAVA, Z.; BENESOVA, O.; BOHDANECKY, Z.; METYS, J.; METYSOVA, J.

New concept of the anticholinergic mechanism of the action of
antidepressant thymoleptic drugs. Postepy hig. med. dosw. 18
no.6:925-944 N-D '64

1. Department of Pharmacology, Medical Faculty of Hygiene, Charles
University and Research Institute of Pharmacy and Biochemistry,
Prague.

BENESOVA, O.; BOHDANECKY, Z.; VOTAVA, Z.

EEG arousal reaction induced by the inhibitors of cholinesterase
and its modification by atropine and benactyzine in rabbits.
Activ. nerv. sup. (Praha) 7 no. 2:148-151 '65

1. Institute of Pharmacology, Medical Faculty of Hygiene,
Charles University, Prague, 2. O. Benesova's address: Praha 10,
Srobarova 50.

SOUŠKOVÁ, M.; VOTAVA, Z.

Use of the orientation reaction of rats in pharmacology. Česk. fysiol. 14 no. 2: 152-157 Mr '65.

1. Výzkumný ústav experimentální terapie; Výzkumný ústav pro farmacii a biochemii, Praha.

VOTAVA, Z.

Increasing sexual promiscuity and frequency of venereal diseases
in English youth. Findings of the Commission of the British
Medical Association. Cas. lek. cesk. 104 no.10:57 12 Mr'65.

Experiences from an educational trip to Paris and to the
United States. Ibid.:62-65

1. Farmakologicky ustav lekarske fakulty hygienicke Karlovy
University v Praze (prednosta: inz. dr. O. Nemecek).

VOTAVA, Z.

Treatment of migraine. Cas. lek. cesk. 104 no.2:22 15 Ja '65

1. Farmacologicky ustav lekarske fakulty hygienicke Karlovy
University v Praze.

VOTAVOVA, L.

"The theorem of extremes of entropy. In German."

p.293 (Vol. 42, 1956, Prague, Czechoslovakia)

Monthly Index of East European Accession (EEAI) LC, Vol. 7, No. 8, August 1956

VOTAVOVÁ

| | | |
|-------|---|-----------------|
| 16(2) | PLATE I BOOK EXPOSITION | CZECH/2556 |
| | Conference on Information Theory, Statistical Decision Functions, Random Processes. 1st, Liblice, 1956. | |
| | Transactions. Prague, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, 1957. 354 p. 1,000 copies printed. | |
| | Sponsoring Agency: Czechoslovak Academy Včd. Sezdie Technická. Author: Vojtěch Dupák and Miroslav Jirina, Scientific Ed.; Jaroslav Kofroň, Corresponding Member, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences; Rep. Ed.: Ludek Štěpánek; Tech. Ed.: František Kondrát. | |
| | PURPOSE: This book is intended for specialists interested in in- formation theory and related subjects. | |
| | COVERAGE: The book contains papers read at the First Prague Con- ference on Information Theory, Statistical Decision Functions, and Random Processes, held on November 28 - 30, 1956. The Con- ference was sponsored by the Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences and organized by the Institute of Radio Engineering and Elec- tronics. The papers discuss various mathematical approaches to the problems of communications; information theory, probability theory, properties of communication stochastic properties of communica- tion, entropy, transformations of stochastic processes, statistical decision functions, randomized functional analysis, etc. Participants from China, Germany, Poland, Sweden, the United States, and the Soviet Union, present the Conference, or the 21 articles in the book. Present the Conference in French, 2 in German, and 1 in Russian. | |
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| | AVAILABLE: Library of Congress | |
| | CARD 5/5 | 14/1 12-1-59 |

VOTAVOVA, M.

5th National Conference of Czechoslovak Hydrobiologists and Ichthyologists.
p. 520.

VOJNÍ HOSPODÁRSTVÍ. (Ministerstvo energetiky a národního hospodarství a
Vedecká technická společnost pro vodní hospodarství) Praha, Czechoslovakia,
No. 11, Nov. 1959

Monthly List of East European Accession (EEAI), LC Vol. 9, no.2,
Feb. 1960

Uncl.

CERVENKA, Rudolf; STEPANEK, Mireslav; VOTAVOVA, Milena; CERVENKOVA, Eva;
KORBOVA, Milada; KANDLER, Maxmilian

Limnological study of the reservoir Sedlice near Zeliv; part 7: Methods
of selecting new algicide compounds. Sbor pal vod VSChT no.3, part 1:
247-290 '59.

1. Terenni laborator Ustavu hygieny v Sedlici; and Katedra technologie
vody Vysoka škola chemicko-technologicke, Praha.

CERVENKA, Rudolf; STEPANEK, Miroslav; VOTAVOVA, Milena; CERVENKOVA, Eva;
KORBOVA, Milada; KANDLER, Maxmilian

Limnologic study of the reservoir Sedlice near Zeliv. VII. Contribution
to technique of selecting new algicides. Sbor chem tech 1959: 247-
290. (EEAI 9:12)

1. Terenni laborator Ustavu higiény v Sedlici a Katedra technologie
vody Vysoké školy chemickotechnologické v Praze.
(Czechoslovakia--Limnology)
(Czechoslovakia--Reservoirs)
(Czechoslovakia--Algicides)

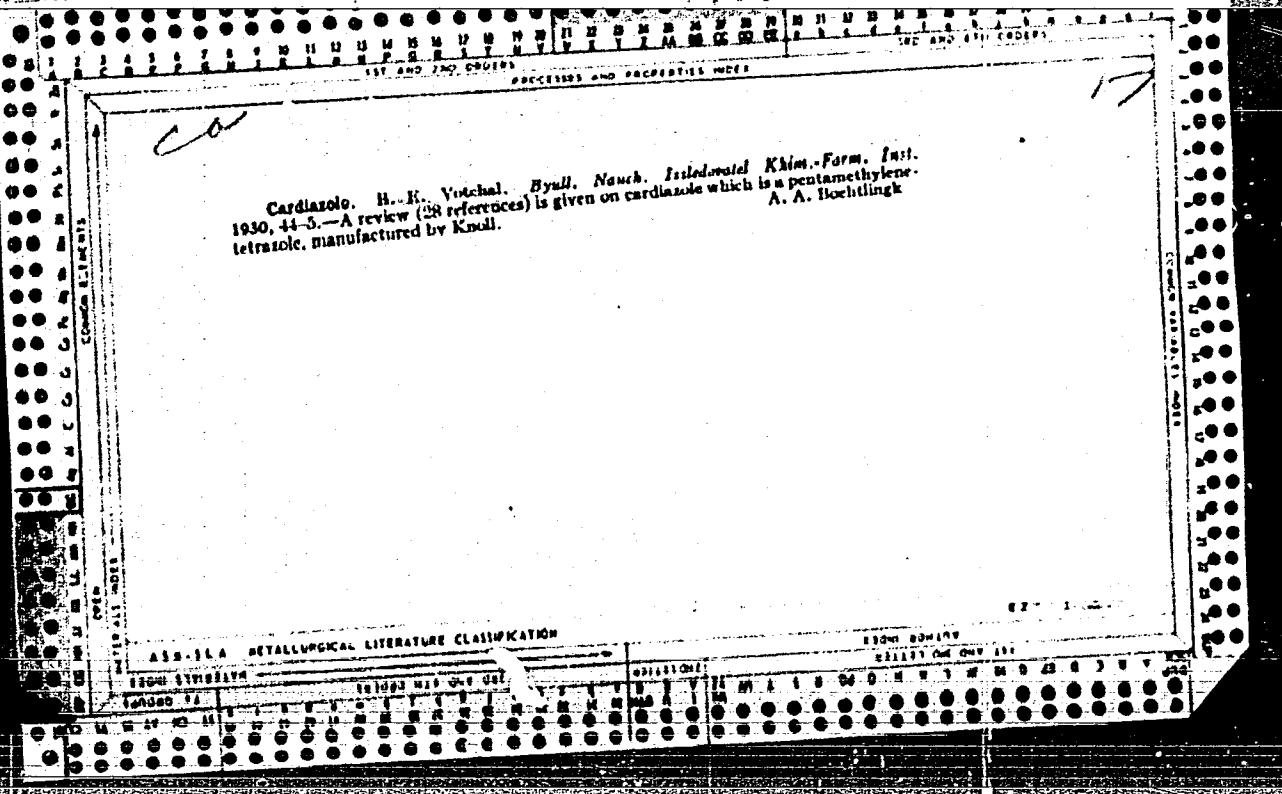
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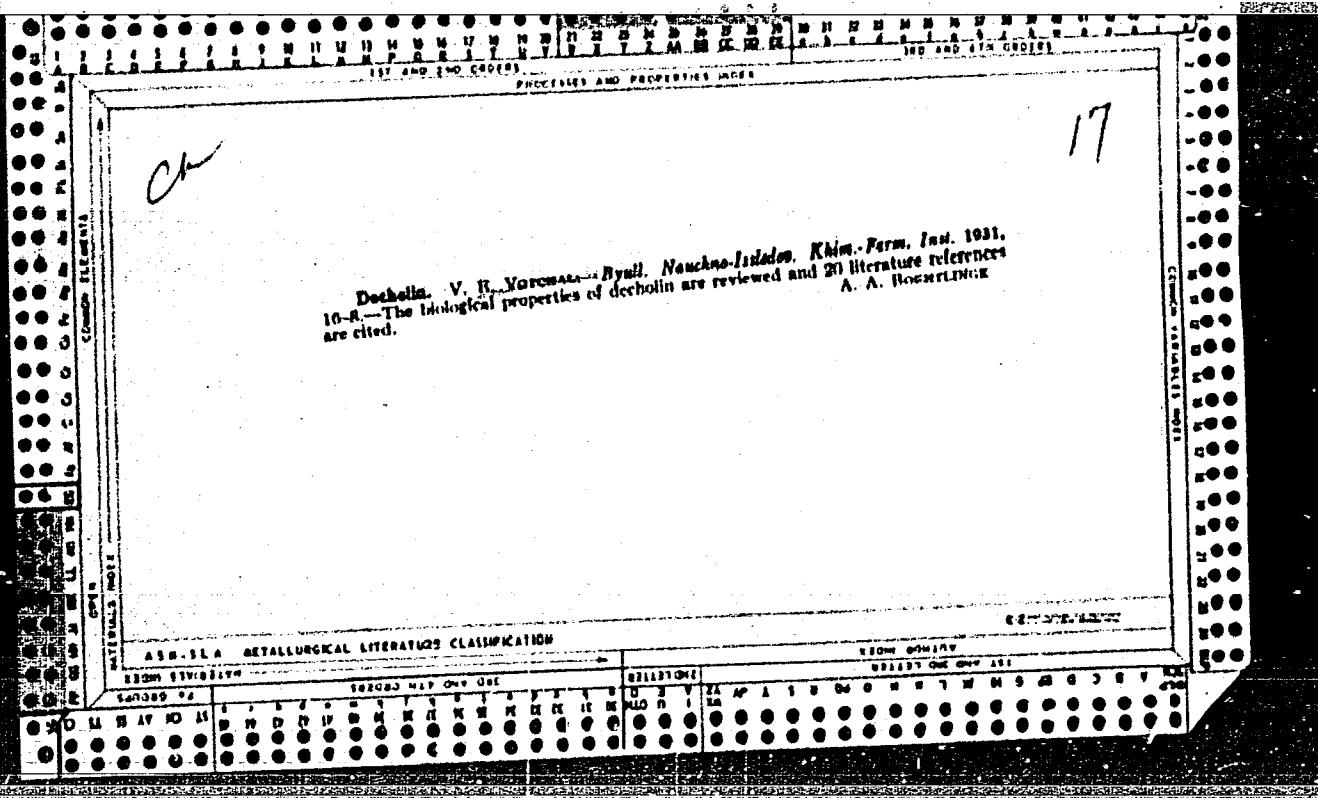
1/ Polarographic analysis in prospecting in the nickel ore deposit near Křemž in Southern Bohemia [Czechoslovakia]. Zdeňka Votavová (Vysoká škola chem.-technol., Prague). Sborník vysoké školy chem.-technol. v Praze 1957, 203-6.—For prospecting purposes the most suitable method for the rapid detn. of Ni was polarography. Dissolve 5 g. of the sample in aqua regia, heat on the steam-bath, evap. to dryness, digest the residue with 3 ml. HCl, evap. to dryness, digest the residue with 3 ml. HCl and 100 ml. H₂O₂, transfer the soln. and the residue into a 250-ml. volumetric flask, fill to the mark, pipet a 5-ml. aliquot to a soln. of 5 ml. M NH₄OH and M NH₄Cl, add 0.3 ml. satd. soln. of Na₂SO₃, 3 drops of 0.5% soln. of gelatin, filter, and polarograph in the Novák vessel. The analysis lasts 60-80 min. M. Hudlický

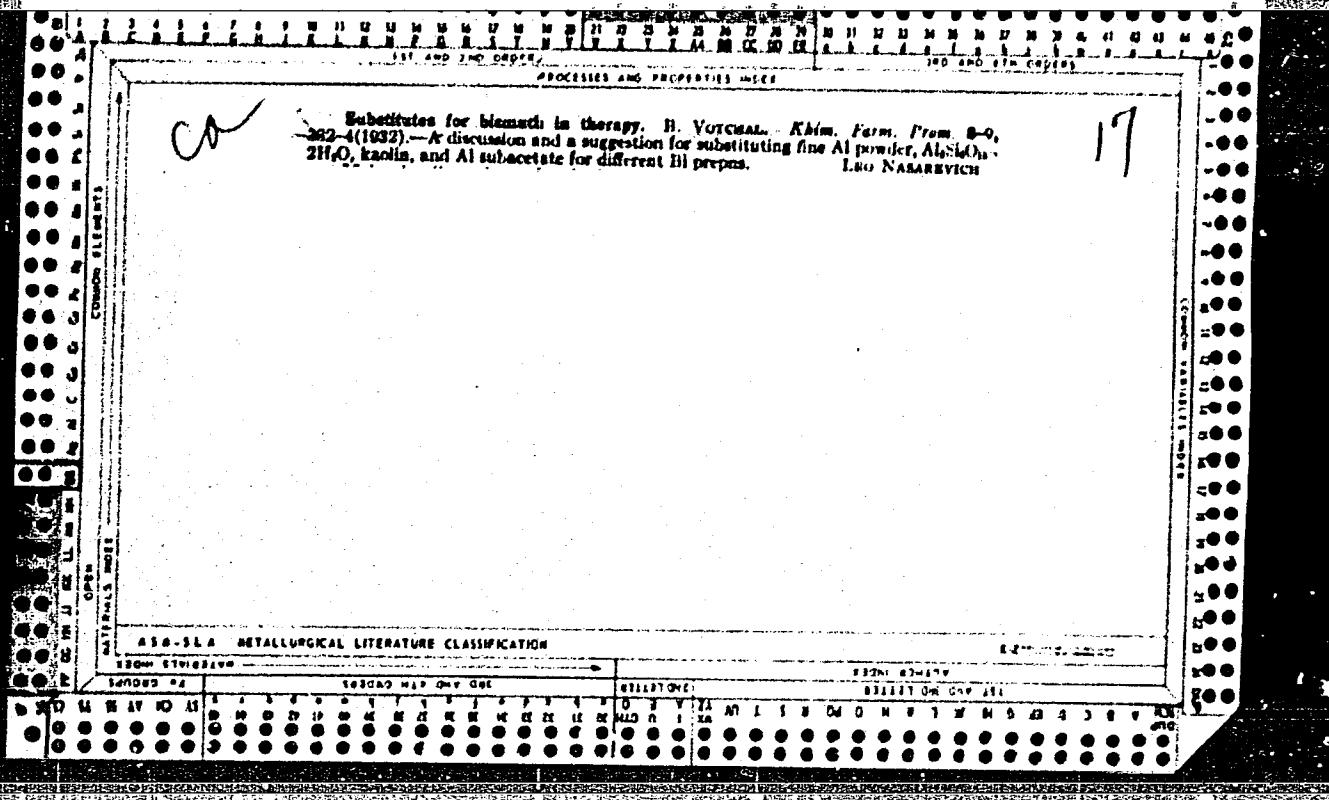
VOTAVOVA, Zdenka; KRAL, Richard

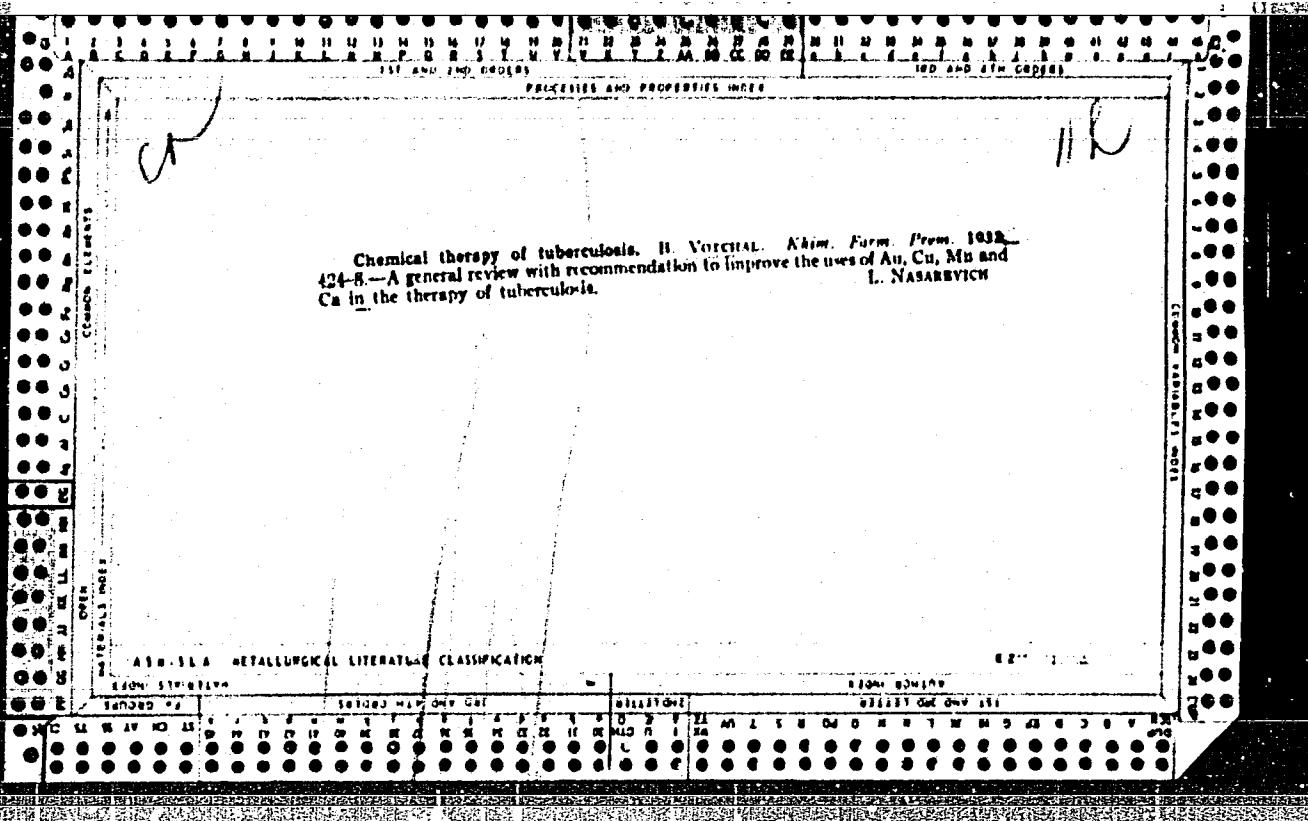
Distribution of germanium in Kladno Basin. Stor chem tech no.3,
part 2:337-352 '59.

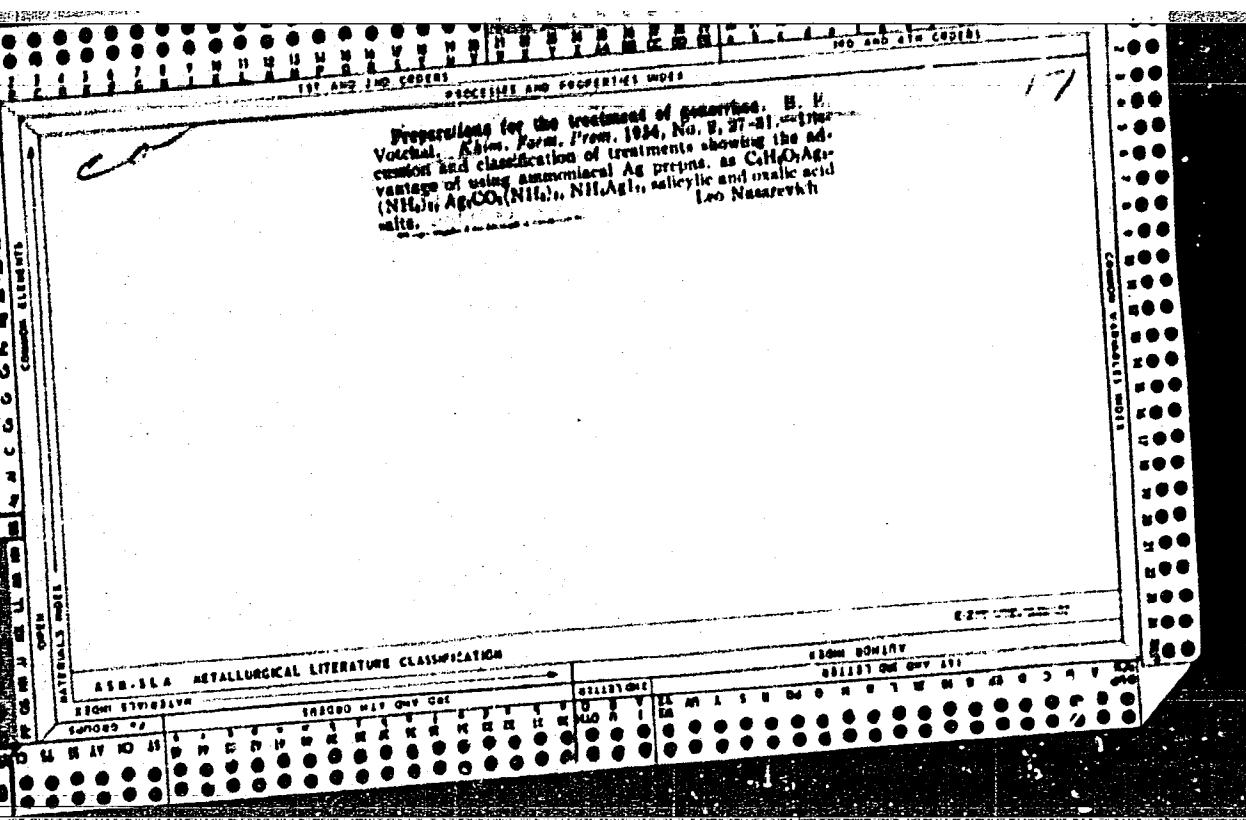
1. Katedra mineralogie, Vysoka skola chemicko-technologicka, Praha
a Laborator anorganické chemie Ceskoslovenske akademie ved, Praha.











VOTCHAL, B. E.

27920. VOTCHAL, B. E. -- Izmeneniya v mekhanizme legochnoy ventilyatsii pri emfizeme legkikh i pnevmoskleroze. Trudy XIII vsesoyuz. S'ezda terapevtov, L., 1949, S. 246-52

SO: Letopis' Zhurnal'nykh Statey. Vol. 37, 1949.

VOTCHAL, B. Ye.

Lungs - Diseases

Prevention of development of chronic non-specific pulmonary processes., Terap. arkh., 23,
No. 6, 1951.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, March 1951/2 Unclassified.

SHASS, E.Yu.; YABLOKOV, D.D., redaktor; VOTCHAL, B.Ye., redaktor.

[Phytotherapy] Fitoterapiia. Pod red. D.D. Yablockova i B.E. Votchala. Moskva, Izd-vo Akademii med. nauk SSSR, 1952. 216 p.
(Botany, Medical) (Medicine—Formulae, (MIRA 7:5)
receipts, prescriptions)

VOTCHAL, B.Ye., professor.

Letter to the editor of "Aptekhnicheskoe delo." Apt.delo 3 no.1:61-62
Ja-F '54.
(Shass, Ezeqil' Iulevich) (Mshvidobadze, A.E.)
(Botany, Medical)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001861110004-9

VOTCHAI, S.E.

Antihistamine preparations B. E. Votchai and V. V.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001861110004-9"

VOTCHAL, B.Ye., professor

"Medicines; manual for physicians." M.D.Mashkovskii. Reviewed by
B.N.Votchal. Klin.med. 33 no.12:86-88 D '55. (MLM 9:5)
(MASHKOVSKII, M.D.) (PHARMACOLOGY)

VOTCHAL, B.Ye.

VOTCHAL, B.Ye.; MESHALKIN, Ye.N.

Basic requirements from new apparatus for functional examination of
the organs of blood circulation and respiration. Med.prom. 11 no.6:
15-19 Je '57. (MIRA 10:8)

1. Tsentral'nyy institut usovershenstvovaniya vrachey
(PHYSIOLOGICAL APPARATUS) (BLOOD--CIRCULATION)
(RESPIRATION)

VOTCHAL, B. Ye.

U.S.S.R. / Human and Animal Physiology. Blood Circulation.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 5, 1958, 22134.

Author : Votchal B. Ye, Meshalkin, E. N.

Inst : Not given.

Title : Basic Principles of New Apparatus for Functional Investigation of the Organs of Circulation and Respiration.

Orig Pub: Med. prom-st SSSR, 1957, No 6, 45-47.

Abstract: No abstract.

Card 1/1

VOTCHAL, B.Ye., professor (Moskva)

Problems of chemotherapy in the clinical treatment of internal
diseases. Klin.med. 35 no.5:8-12 My '57. (MLRA 10:8)
(CHEMOTHERAPY
indic. and correct dosage)

TAREYEV, Ye.M., prof. (Moskva), otv.red.; MOLCHANOV, N.S., prof., red.; VOTCHAL, B.Ye., prof., red.; BONDAR', Z.A., doktor med. nauk, red.; POPOV, V.G., dotsent, red.; NEVRAYEV, G.A., dotsent, red.; KARPOVA, G.D., red.; GOTOVTSOV, P.I., red.; BEL'CHIKOVA, Yu.S., tekhn.r.v.d.

[Proceedings of the 14th All-Union Congress of Therapeutists in Moscow, 1956] Trudy XIV Vsesoyuznogo s"ezda terapevtov. Pod obshchim red. E.M.Tareeva. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo med.lit-ry, 1958. 735 p. (MIRA 13:5)

1. Vsesoyuznyy s"ezd terapevtov. 14th, Moscow, 1956. 2. Deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR (for Tareyev). 3. Chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR (for Molchanov).

(THERAPEUTICS--CONGRESSES)

AUTHOR: Votchal, B., Professor

4-2-11/18

TITLE: Curative Aerosols (Tselebnyye aerozoli)

PERIODICAL: Znaniye-Sila, 1958, # 2, p 27 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Chronic lung affections have been notoriously hard to cure. Anti-biotics helped greatly, but now arozol inhalation is considered the best (spraying under compressed air in particles sized from 1 to 3 microns). Injection or common inhalations are ineffective, since they cannot reach those affected parts that are encapsulated. The process is combined with oxygen and added to the antibiotics for infants with inflammation of the lungs. The process was developed by the engineers Perel'mutor and Abramov, Kapkoviy and Pelevina, and far excells anything done abroad.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 1/1

VOTCHAL, B.Ye., KANDROVA, S.Ye.

Pneumotaxometer. Med. prom. 12 no. 6152-55 Je '58 (MIRA 11:7)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut meditsinskogo
instrumentariya i oborudovaniya.
(RESPIROMETER)

VOTCHAL, B.Ye., prof., TUPOLEVA, Yu.A., SALIMOV, S.G. (Moskva)

Conditioned reflex motor method for the objective registration of
the state of sleep. Klin.med. 36 no.9:25-29 S'58 (MIRA 11:10)

1. Iz 2-y kafedry terapii (zav. - prof. B.Ye. Votchal) Tsentralnogo
instituta usovershenstvovaniya vrachey (dir. V.P. Lebedeva) na baze
Klinicheskoy ordena Lenina Bol'nitsy imeni S.P. Botkina (glavnyy-
prof. A.I. Shabanov).

(SLEEP,

conditioned reflex motor method for depth determ.
(Rus))

(REFLEX, CONDITIONED

conditioned reflex motor method for determ. of depth
of sleep (Rus))

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001861110004-9

VOTCHAL, B. Ye., prof.

On homeopathy. Zdorov'e 5 no.7:13-14 J1 '59. (MIRA 12:11)
(HOMEOPATHY)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001861110004-9"

VOTCHAL, B. Ye., prof. (Moskva); SHNUYLER, M.S. (Stalino)

Evaluation of modern methods of studying bronchial patency in clinical practice. Klin. med. 37 no.3:9-17 Mr '59. (MIEA 12:7)

(BRONCHI
patency, method of determ. (Rus))

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001861110004-9

VOTCHAL, B.Ye., prof.; MAGAZANIK, N.A. (Moskva)

Current status of the problem of pulmonary embolism and infarcts.
Klin.med. 37 no.12:37-44 D '59. (MIRA 13:4)
(PULMONARY EMBOLISM)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001861110004-9"

VINOKURSKIY, S.A.; VOTCHAL, B.Ye.; AMAYEVA, L.A.

Arterial oscillograph. Med.prom. 15 no.9:48-50 S '61.

(MIRA 14:9)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut meditsinskikh
instrumentov i oborudovaniya i TSentral'nyy institut uovershenstvo-
vaniya vrachey.
(OSCILLOMETER) (BLOOD PRESSURE)

VOTCHAL, B. E. [Votchal], dr., prof.; CSAPIDZE, G. E. [Chapidze] aspirans

Peripheral vessels in essential hypertension. Orv. hetil. 102 no.16:
726-728 16 Ap '61.

1. Moszkvai Kozponti Orvoskezpo Intezet, II Belklinika.

(HYPERTENSION)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001861110004-9

VOTCHAL, B.Ya.; AVERINA, R.I. (Moskva)

Technic for anticoagulatin therapy. Klin.med. no.1:15-19 '62.
(MIRA 15:1)
(ANTICOAGULATNS (MEDICINE)--THERAPEUTIC USE)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001861110004-9"

VOTCHAL, B.Ye., prof.; MAGAZANIK, N.A. (Moskva)

Cor pulmonale and bronchial patency; their pathogenic relations
and therapeutic deductions. Klin.med. no.4:23-27 '62.

(COR PULMONALE) (BRONCHI--DISEASES)

(MIRA 15:5)

VOTCHAL, B.Ye.; MODESTOV, V.K.; AKOPYAN, M.A.

Determination of the volume of residual air in the lungs with radioactive xenon. Med.rad. no.5:3-6 '62. (MIRA 15:8)

1. Iz 2-y kafedry terapii i kafedry meditsinskoy radiologii TSen-tral'nogo instituta usovershenstvovaniya vrachey.
(XENON-ISOTOPES) (RESPIRATION)

VOTCHAL, B.Ye.; AKOPIAN, M.A., (Moskva)

Residual air in the lungs and uniformity of ventilation under normal conditions in nonspecific pulmonary diseases, and in heart defects. Report No.1. Klin. med. 40 no.12:10-17 D '62. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Iz 2-y kafedry terapii TSentral'nogo instituta usoveshchennostvovaniya vrachey.

VOTCHAL, B. Ye., prof. (Moskva)

Problems in the method of digitalis therapy. Klin. med. no.8:6-14
(MIRA 15:14)

(DIGITALIS)

ACCESSION NR: AP4041351

S/0248/64/000/006/0075/0081

AUTHOR: Votchal, B. Ye.; Belousov, A. S.; Zvyagina, L. N.; Braytseva, N. N.

TITLE: Radiotelemetric study of temperatures in the human stomach and intestine in normal and pathological conditions

SOURCE: AMN SSSR. Vestnik, no. 6, 1964, 75-81

TOPIC TAGS: radiotelemetry, temperature radiotelemetry, stomach, radiocapsule, gastrointestinal tract

ABSTRACT: Data derived from investigations of the human digestive tract with the aid of a temperature-measuring radiocapsule are presented. Temperature readings were obtained in 30 healthy persons and 57 patients suffering from various disorders of the digestive tract, including inflammatory and noninflammatory conditions. The radiocapsule method permitted the authors to detect two types of digestive tract temperature curves in healthy subjects — one relatively high, on the order of 36.8 to 38.6°C and the other relatively low, on the order of 36.8 to 37.8°C; that is, hyperthermal and hypothermal cases.

Card 1/3

ACCESSION NR: AP4041351

Repeated attempts to associate changes in temperature in the digestive tract with the presence of acute cholecystitis or cancerous ulcers were unsuccessful. Since the temperature in different parts of the digestive tracts of healthy persons varied as much as 1.5C, the presence of acute or chronic inflammation processes was indicated by the shape of the curve rather than by absolute temperature values. The circulation of the blood in the stomachs of healthy and sick people was studied by having the subjects drink hot or cold water, then noting the change in internal temperature and its restoration to previous levels. In addition, hot or cold water was injected directly into the stomach in order to determine circulation in the stomach wall. The role of the temperature factor in the evacuant function of the stomachs of healthy and diseased subjects was found to be very important, along with the pH value of the contents of the stomach. Thus, the use of radiocapsules is a promising method for investigating the function of the digestive tract. Orig. art. has: 5 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Tsentral'nyy institut usovershenstvovaniya vrachey,
Moscow (Central Institute for Upgrading Physicians)

Card 2/3

ACCESSION NR: AP4041351

SUBMITTED: 30Mar64

SUB CODE: LS,EC

NO REF Sov: 001

ENCL: 00

OTHER: 000

Card 3/3

MYASNIKOV, A.L., prof., otd. red.; MOLCHANOV, N.S., red.; LUKOMSKIY, P.Ye., prof., red.; VOTCHAL, B.Ye., prof., red.; DIMBO, A.G., prof., red.; MUKHARLYAMOV, N.M., kand. med. nauk, red.

[Transactions of the 15th All-Union Congress of Therapeutists]
Trudy Vsesoiuznogo s"ezda terapevtov. Pod obshchey red. A.L. Miasnikova. Moskva, Meditsina, 1964. 529 p. (MIRA 17:6)

1. Vsesoyuznyy s"ezd terapevtov. 15th, 1962.
2. Deystviel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR (for Myasnikov, Molchanov, Lukomskiy).
3. Chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR (for Votchal).

L 22683-66

ACC NR: AP6001328

SOURCE CODE: UR/0248/65/000/C09/0097/0105

16

B

AUTHOR: Votchal, B., Ye.; Vysokiy, F. F.

ORG: Central Institute for the Advanced Training of Physicians, Moscow (Tsentral'-nyy institut usovershenstvovaniya vrachey)

TITLE: Radicardiocirculographic technique for the comprehensive study of central and peripheral hemodynamics

SOURCE: AMN SSSR. Vestnik, no. 9, 1961, 97-105

TOPIC TAGS: blood circulation, radioisotope, cardiology, cardiovascular system, radiology, krypton

ABSTRACT: Of the 20-odd methods available for the measurement of cardiac output and coronary blood flow none completely satisfies the clinician, either because of extreme complexity, inapplicability to humans or low precision. A method was devised for the simultaneous investigation of central and peripheral hemodynamics involving inhalation radiocardiography using krypton (Kr^{85}). The patient breathes the radioactive gas which mixes with the blood in various parts of the body (e. g.

UDC: 616.1-008.1-073.916 + 612.15 + 612.171.1

Z

Card 1/2

L 22683-66

ACC NR: AP6001328

O

heart, liver, lungs). Appropriate radiation counters are applied at the pertinent area. By noting the time and duration of radioactivity the rate and amount of blood flowing through the area is determined. Examination of healthy and sick people with various pathological manifestations revealed that the relationship between the duration of blood flow in the arterial and venous portion of the systemic vascular and pulmonary-cardiac insufficiencies as well as in hepatic cirrhosis. In general, all parameters were found to be higher, thus indicating an increase in the duration of blood flow (a slowing down) as compared with healthy controls. This method also made it possible to elucidate the mode of action of some cardiovascular medications. Results showed that these drugs increase the rate of blood flow through one or several parts of the circulatory system often at the expense of decreasing it in other parts. This is probably achieved by increasing the tone of the venules and the microtonus of the hepatic aortal system. Orig. art. has: 4 figures, 4 tables.

SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: 05Jun65/ ORIG REF: 006/ OTH REF: 006

Card 2/2 BLG

VOTCHAL, R.Ye., MODESTOV, V.K., VIGOSKII, F.F., KAPERKO, F.F.

Clinical and radiological periodic in the diagnosis of cardiac and pulmonary pathology by the aid of radioactive sodium (Na^{24}).
Trudy ISBU 1912-64 (1964).

Study of central haemodynamics by the method of selective quantitative radionuclitigraphy with the aid of radioactive krypton (Kr^{85}). Trudy, 1964. (MRA 18-6)

L. Kafedov radiologicheskaya radiologiya (trav. prof. V.K. Modestov) i L. kafedra terapii (prof. prof. R.Ye. Votchal) Central'nogo Instituta po ochistke vodnykh rassseyey.

VOTCHAL, Boris Yevgen'yevich; RAYEVSKIY, K.S., red.

[Studies in clinical pharmacology] Ocherki klinicheskoi
farmakologii. Moskva, Meditsina, 1965. 489 p.
(MIRA 18;12)

VOTCHAL, B.Ye.,; VYSOKIY, F.F.

Radiocardiocirculographic method of a comprehensive study of
central and peripheral hemodynamics. Vest. AMN SSSR 20
no.9:97-105 '65. (MIRA 18:11)

1. TSentral'nyy institut usovershenstvovaniya vrachey, Monkva.

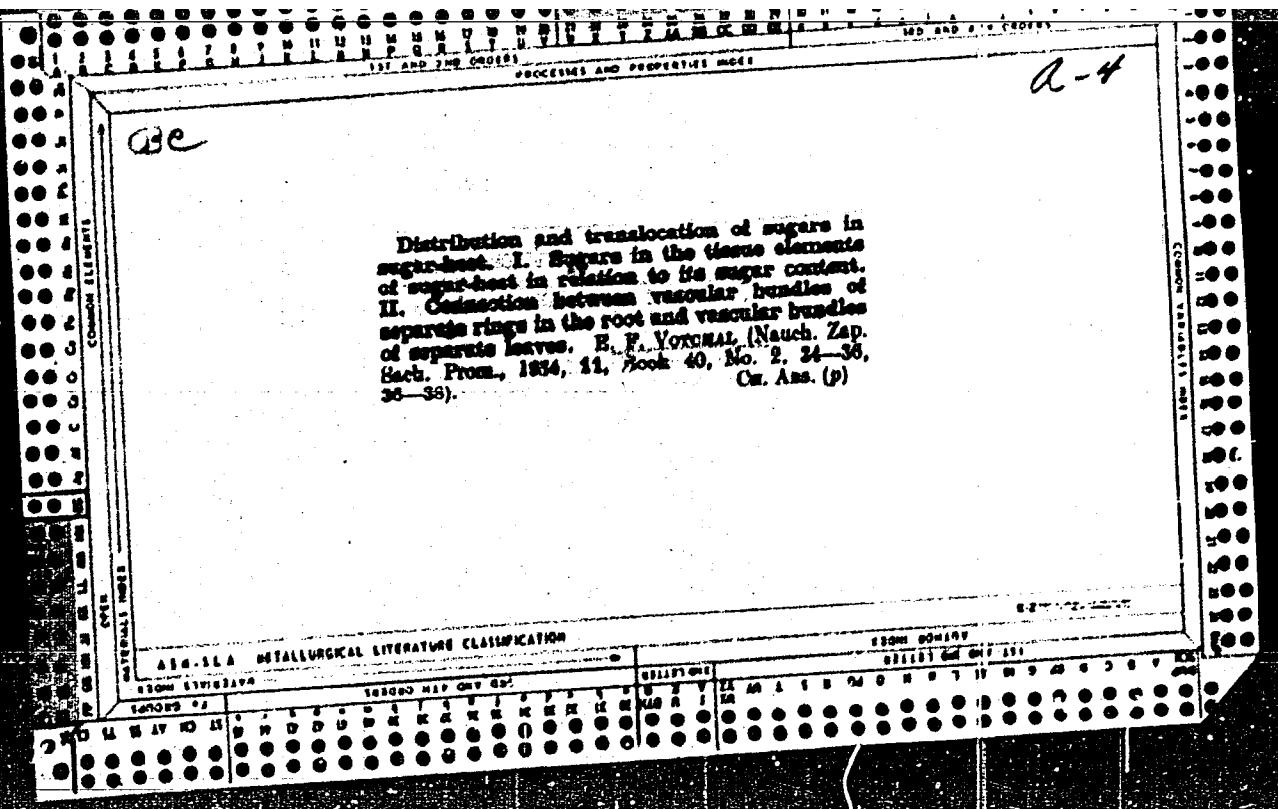
VOTCSAL, B.E., dr.; VISZOKIJ, F.F., [Vysokiy, F.F.], dr.

Clinico-pharmacological studies with Corontin, a new coronary vasodilator agent. Orv. hetil. 106 no.21:975-978 23 My '65.

1. Kozponti Orvostovabbkepzo Intezet (rektor: Kovrigina, M.D., as OFSzSzK eremes orvosa) II. Belgyogyaszati Tanszek (tanszekvezeto: Votcsal B.E. a Szovjetunio Orvostudomanyi Akademijanak levelezo tagja), Moszkva.

IP

Experimental researches on the distribution and the translocation of sugars in the sugar beet. I. The distribution of sugars in the tissue elements of the sugar beet in relation to its sugar content. H. K. Vutchai. Neuch. Zapiski Sakharnoi Proiz. 11, Book 40, No. 24-6 (in English 38-40) (1934). II. Connection between the vascular bundles of separate rings in the root of the sugar beet and the vascular bundles of separate leaves. Jhd. 36-8 (in English 40-1).—An anatomical study of the process. J. S. Joffe.



VOTICKY, Z.
CA

A new method of sulfur determination. T. Dobrodař
Pristavka and Zdeněk Voticky. Chem. Zvesti 8, 1-3(1961).—
A modification of the classical Carus method is reported.
The oxidation is carried out by KI, HNO₃, HCl which takes
place in 20–40 min. To 0.05–0.1 g. sample add 0.25–0.3 g.
KI, moisten with H₂O, add 10 ml. HNO₃, fume, and add 10
ml. HCl. Heat until the soln. decolorizes, cool, and dil. to
100–180 ml. with H₂O. If on diln. a ppt. is formed, add an
addnl. amt. of the oxidation mixt. S is then detd. either
gravimetrically as BaSO₄ or titrimetrically after pptn. with
benzidine-HCl. The method is satisfactory for both org.
and inorg. compds. The deviation from the classical
Carus method was found to be in the range of 0.04 to 0.30%.
Jan Micka

CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Chemical Technology - Chemical Products and
Their Applications - Drugs, Vitamins, Antibiotics.

H.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 11, 1958, 37187
Author : Dubravkova, L., Jezo, I., Stefcovic, P., Voticky, Z.
Inst : -
Title : Synthesis of Some Quaternary Gramine Salts.
Orig Pub : Chem Zvesti, 1957, 11, No 1, 57-59

Abstract : A survey of preparation methods of gramine methiodide
(I) is given. Also a new method of preparation of (I)
and of gramine methansulphate with good yields of pure
compounds is presented.

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VOTICKY Z.

G.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Organic Chemistry - Naturally Occurring
Substances and Their Synthetic Analogs.

ABs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 9, 1958, 28934

Author : Dubravkova, L., Jezo, I., Sefcovic, P., Voticky, Z.

Inst : -

Title : Some Esters of 1-N-Methylephedrine.

Orig Pub : Chem Zvesti, 11, No 5, 281-284 (1957) (in Slovak with
summaries in German and Russian)

Abstract : A number of esters of 1-N-methylephedrine (I) with aliphatic aromatic acids are described. The esters were prepared from I by a previously described method (RZhKhin, 1957, 71547). I is synthesized by the following series of reactions: 3.3 gms of L-ephedrine, 583 gms of formalin (40 gms CH₂O per 100 ml), and 390 gms of 85% HCOOH are refluxed for 5 hrs, and the product of the reaction is decomposed with 195 gms NaOH in 470 ml water; the yield of I is 286 gms, mp 85-86°,

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CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Organic Chemistry - Naturally Occurring
Substances and Their Synthetic Analogs.

G.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 9, 1958, 28934

bp 134-135°/12 mm, η_{D}^{20} (-30°) (CH_3OH).
I is esterified with acids having the general formula
 RCOOH . The R, yield in %, bp in °C, η_{D}^{20} (c 5;
 CH_3OH), and mp in °C of the hydrochlorides (decomp)
of the aliphatic esters are given below:
 CH_3 , 88, 133-134/12 mm, -46.2°, 199-200; C_2H_5 , 81,
140-141/13 mm, -47.3°, 162-163; iso- C_3H_7 , 136-137/16
mm, -45°, 154-155; n- C_3H_7 , 74, 142-143/12 mm, -40.5°,
162-163; n- C_4H_9 , 77, 113-115/0.1 mm, -36.5°, 141-142;
n- C_5H_{11} , 75, 126-128/0.1 mm, 034.8°, 124-125;
 $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CHCH}_2\text{CH}_3$, 83, 148-149/0.35 mm, +15.3°, 190-191.

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CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Organic Chemistry - Naturally Occurring
Substances and Their Synthetic Analogs.

G.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, № 9, 1958, 28934

The R, yield in %, mp in °C, $[\alpha]^{20}_D$ (c 5; CH₃OH),
and mp in °C of the hydrochlorides of the aromatic es-
ters are given below:
C₆H₅, 66, 45-46, +63.8°, 181-192; o-CH₃OC₆H₄, 74, 70-71,
+59.5°, 204-205; 3,4-(CH₃O)₂C₆H₄, 80, 99-100, +94.0°,
163-164°; 3,4,5-(CH₃O)₃C₆H₂, 78, 85-86, +79.0°, 173-179,

Card 3/3

CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Organic Chemistry. Natural Compounds G-3
and Their Synthetic Analogs.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 23, 1958, 77830.

Author : Dubravkova, L., Jezo, I., Sofcovic, P. and Voticky, Z.
Inst : Not given.
Title : Syntheses of Some Alkaloid Derivatives. XIII.

Orig Pub: Chem Zvesti, 12, No 3, 140-142 (1958) (in Slovak
with summaries in German and in Russian).

Abstract: The catalytic hydrogenation of papaverine in
 CH_3OH over Raney Ni (150° , 150 atm) gave $\frac{1}{2}$ [sic]
-laudanosine, yield 62%, mp $115-115.5^\circ$, picrate
mp $177-178.5^\circ$. For Communication XII see
RZhKhim, 1958, 61104. -- From a summary by the
authors.

Card 1/1

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CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Organic Chemistry. Natural Compounds G-3
and Their Synthetic Analogs.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 23, 1958, 77820.

Author : Dubravkova, L., Jezo, I., Sefcovic, P., and
Voticky, Z.

Inst : Not given.

Title : Esters of N,N-Disubstituted Aminoethanol.

Orig Pub: Chem Zvesti, 12, No 4, 252-255 (1958) (in Slovak
with summaries in German and Russian).

Abstract: In the course of the investigation of compounds
containing the N-C-C-OH group, some of which have
a hypotensive action, the authors have synthesized
compounds having the general formula $\text{RCOOCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_3)(\text{CH}_2)_5\text{N}(\text{CH}_3)_2$, where R = 3,4,5-trimethoxy-
phenyl (I), and β -pyridyl (II). Compounds of

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CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Organic Chemistry. Natural Compounds G-3
and Their Synthetic Analogs.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 23, 1958, 77820.

Abstract: the type of I and II were prepared from 4-chloro-butanol (III). Preparation: 217 gms III are added to 500 gms of 48% HBr and 300 gms conc H_2SO_4 and the reaction mixture is heated for 4 hrs over a water bath; extraction with $CHCl_3$ gives $Cl(CH_2)_4$ Br, yield 66%, bp 50-52°/10mm. 350 ml alcohol and 171.5 gms $Cl(CH_2)_4$ Br are added to a hot solution of 82 gms KCN in 100 ml water, the reaction mixture is refluxed for 1.5 hrs, diluted with 450 ml water, and extracted with $CHCl_3$, giving $Cl(CH_2)_4$ CN, yield 58%, bp 96-98°/11mm, $n^{21}D$ 1.4474. A mixture of 23.5 gms $Cl(CH_2)_4$ CN and 33 gms $CH_3 NHCH_2 CH_2 OH$ is heated for 20 hrs over a boil-

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CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Organic Chemistry. Natural Compounds G-3
and Their Synthetic Analogs.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 23, 1958, 77820.

Abstract: In water bath and then for 8 hrs at 120°; the mixture is diluted with 200 ml water, made weakly alkaline with 50% KOH, and the product is salted out with solid K₂CO₃ and extracted with CHCl₃; HOCH₂CH₂N(CH₃)₂(CH₂)₄CN is obtained, yield 51%, bp 159-161°/11mm. 60 gms of the latter substance are dissolved in 440 ml abs alc saturated at 0° with NH₃ gas and the solution is hydrogenated over Raney Ni at 150° and at an initial pressure of 130 atm, giving HOCH₂CH₂N(CH₃)₂(CH₂)₅NH₂ (IV), yield 86%, bp 139-140°/11mm, n_{D}^{22} 1.4735. 35 gms IV are added with cooling to 165.8 gms of 90% HCHO followed by the addition of 61 gms of 35% HCHO. The mixture is heated for 10 hrs [temp?], 55 ml

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CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Organic Chemistry. Natural Compounds G-3
and Their Synthetic Analogs.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 23, 1958, 77820.

Abstract: of concn HCl are added, and the solution is evaporated to dryness under vacuum; the residue is dissolved in a small amount of water, the solution is made alkaline with 50% KOH, salted out with solid K₂CO₃, and extracted with CHCl₃, giving HOCH₂CH₂N(CH₃)(CH₂)₅N(CH₃)₂ (V), yield 74%, bp 131-132°/12mm, n₂₃D 1.4589, dipicrate mp 110-111° (from alc), diiodomethylate mp 245-257° (from alc). The esterification of V gives I, bp 210-212°/1mm, dihydrochloride mp 175-179° (decomp; from ether-alc), dipicrate mp 156-157° (from alc, diiodomethylate mp 245-247° (from alc); and II, bp 153-156°/11mm, trihydrochloride mp

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CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Organic Chemistry. Natural Compounds G-3
and Their Synthetic Analogs.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 23, 1958, 77820.

Abstract: 170-171° (from ether-alc), tripicrate mp 234°
(decomp; from alc), triiodomethylate mp 187-188°
(decomp; from alc). The hydrochlorides of I and
II have only weak hypotensive action. -- V. Shpanov.

Card 5/5

42

VOTICKY, Z.; TOMKO, J.

Alkaloids from *Buxus sempervirens* L. Pt.2. Coll Cz Chem 30
no.1:348-350 Ja '65.

1. Institute of Chemistry of the Slovak Academy of Sciences,
Bratislava. Submitted April 22, 1964.

MOKRY, Jozef, inz., C.Sc.; KOMPIS, Ivan, inz.; SUCHY, Jan, inz.;
SEFCOVIC, Pavel, dr., inz., C.Sc.; VOTICKY, Zdeno, dr., inz.,
C.Sc.

Contribution to the study of vincamine constitution. Chem
zvesti 16 no.1/2:140-150 Ja-F '62.

1. Ceskoslovenska akademie ved, Oddelenie chemie alkaloidov
Chemickeho ustavu Slovenskej akademie vied, Bratislava.
Authors' address: Bratislava, Mlynske nivy 37, Chemicky ustav
Slovenskej akademie vied.

VOTICKY, Z.

G-2

CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Organic Chemistry. Synthesis.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 7, 1959, 23412

Author : Dubrakova, L.; Jezo, I.; Sefcovic, P.; Voticky, Z.

Inst : Not given

Title : Abnormal Course of Reaction of Bischler-Napieralsky.

Orig Pub: Chem zvesti, 1957, 11, No 9, 536-541.

Abstract: In the study of the method of synthesis of the isoquinoline analogue of podophyllotoxin, 1-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)-3-carbethoxy-6,7-methylenedioxy-3,4-dihydroisoquinoline (I) was obtained, and it was found on that occasion that no cyclohydration of the ethyl ester of α -(3,4,5-trimethoxy-benzamido)- β -(3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl)-propionic acid (II) is caused by the action of P_2O_5 ; 4-piperonylidene-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)-oxazolone (III) is obtained with PCl_5 , and I is only partially produced

Card 1/4

G-15

CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Organic Chemistry. Synthesis.

G-2

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 7, 1959, 23412

Abstract: with POCl_3 , but 5-ethoxy-4-piperonyl-2,3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl- α -oxazole (IV) is formed as the main product. Solution of 200 g of III in 300 g of 10% NaOH with water added to bring up the total volume to 1.6 liter is boiled for 6 hours, cooled, and, after the acidification of the solution, α -3,4,5-trimethoxybenzamido- β -(3,4-methylene-dioxyphenyl)-acrylic acid (V) precipitates, yield 91%, melt. p. 228-229° (from alc.). 1.5 kg of 4% Na amalgam is added to the solution of 133 g of V in 1.5 liter of water with 30 g of NaOH maintaining the basic reaction, the mixture is filtered and acidified, and α -3,4,5-trimethoxybenzamido- β -93,4-methylenedioxyphenyl)-propionic acid (VI) precipitates; yield 85%, melt. p. 193-194° (from alc.). 45 g of VI, 500 ml of abs. alcohol and 10

Card 2/4

CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Organic Chemistry. Synthesis.

G-2

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 7, 1959, 23412

Abstract: ml of conc. H_2SO_4 are mixed, 12 hours later the mixture is heated (about 100° , 3 hours), and II is separated using water, yield 82%, melt. p. $140-141^\circ$ (from alc.). 33 g of II is boiled in 300 ml of toluene with 65 ml of $POCl_3$ for 5 hours; the excess $POCl_3$ and toluene are distilled off in vacuo; the remainder is treated with 250 ml of water, filtered, the solution is alkalized with 10% Na_2CO_3 , and I is extracted with ether from the precipitate, yield 3.8%, melt. p. $113-114^\circ$ (from alc.); picrate, melt. p. $193-194^\circ$ (from alc.); the precipitate, filtered off from water, is washed with $NaHCO_3$ and IV is obtained, yield 54%, melt. p. $98-99^\circ$ (from dil. alc.). 15 g of PCl_5 is poured into

Card 3/4

G-16

CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Organic Chemistry. Synthesis.

G-2

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 7, 1959, 23412

Abstract: the solution of 6 g of II in 150 ml of CHCl_3 (temperature below 40°) and allowed to stand at 20° for 5 days, POCl_3 and CHCl_3 are distilled off in vacuo, the residue is treated with water, and III is obtained, yield 72%, melt. p. $198-200^\circ$ (from CH_3COOH). -- P. Sokov

Card 4/4

VOTICKY Z.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Organic Chemistry - Naturally Occuring Substances G.
and Their Synthetic Analogs.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 9, 1958, 28943
Author : Dubravkova, L., Jezo, I., Sefcovic, P., Voticky, Z.
Inst : -
Title : Synthesis of Some Alkaloid Derivatives, X.
Orig Pub : Chem Zvesti, 11, No 7, 394-397 (1957) (in Slovak with
Summaries in German and Russian)

Abstract : The synthesis of allolupinane (I) from 6-methyl-3-(β -hydroxyethyl)-pyridine (II) by the following reaction scheme is described: II \rightarrow 6-methyl-2-vinylpyridine (III) \rightarrow 6-methyl-2-(γ , γ -dicarbetoxypropyl)-pyridine (IV) \rightarrow 6-methyl-2-(γ -carbetoxypropyl)-pyridine (V) \rightarrow 4-methyl-5-ketoquinolizidine (VI) \rightarrow I (two recrystallizations). Preparation: 100 gms II poured into 300 gms KOH (180-190°, vacuum) gives III, yield 66.8%, bp 66-68°/10 mm; the picrate of III has an mp of

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CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Organic Chemistry - Naturally Occuring
Substances and Their Synthetic Analogs.

G.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 9, 1958, 28943

128-129° (from CH_3OH). 62.3 gms III in 50 ml abs alcohol are refluxed (24 hrs) with the alcoholate, prepared from 12.4 gms Na and 24 ml abs alcohol, and 112 gms of ethyl malonic ester; saponification with 150 ml conc HCl and esterification (100 ml abs alcohol + 10 ml conc H_2SO_4) gives V, yield 40%, bp 100-102°/0.15 mm, IV•1/2 H_2PtCl_6 [sic], mp 165-166° (from alc). 31.05 gms V in 300 ml abs alcohol on hydrogenation over 10 gms Raney Ni (150 atm, 170°) give VI, yield 92%, bp 86-88°/0.20 mm. Reaction of 16.72 gms VI in 250 ml abs ether with 11.38 gms LiAlH₄ in 300 ml abs ether gives I, yield 74%, bp 77-78°/10 mm; the picrates of I melt at 186-187° (alc) and 195° (alc).

For Communication IX see RZhKhim, 1957, 41263.

Card 2/2

273510

45196
Z/043/63/000/001/003/004
D287/D307

AUTHORS: Mokrý, J., Kompiš, I., Suchý, J., Šefčovič, P. and Voticky, Z.

TITLE: Alkaloids from Vinca minor L. V. The structure of vincamine

PERIODICAL: Chemické Zvesti, v. 17, no. 1, 1963, 41-53

TEXT: E. Schlitter and A. Furlenmeier separated vincamine, the main constituent of Vinca minor L. for the first time. The authors modified the method described by S. Scheindlin and N. Rubin for separating the crude alkaloid from the plant and obtained a new alkaloid, vincarein, from the crystalline fraction of the crude alkaloid solution (vincarein: $C_{21}H_{24}N_2O_4$). This compound has the same physical and chemical properties as vincaminine and the authors suggest that the two compounds are identical. The separation of vincamine ($C_{21}H_{26}N_2O_3$) was described in an earlier publication (Chem. Zvesti, v. 16, 1962, 140); vincaminol $C_{20}H_{26}N_2O_2$ was obtained by

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Alkaloids from Vinca ...

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reduction of vincamine with LiAlH_4 . Dehydrogenation with Se gave vincyrine and isovincyrine ($\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{22}\text{N}_2$). The structure of vincamine was proved by oxidation of vincaminol: vincamone and formaldehyde were obtained and it was therefore obvious that the compound was a 1,2-diol and that the -OH and $-\text{COOCH}_3$ groups in vincamine are on the same C-atom (C_{14}). The formula of vincamone, the uv and ir spectra and the m.p. of the compound are identical with those of eburnamonine. Apovincamine (obtained by dehydration of vincamine) can be subjected to catalytic hydrogenation and esterification and yields desoxyvincamine $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{26}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$ which has an equatorial carbmethoxy group; the same position of the carbmethoxy group and configuration are assumed to exist in vincamine. There are 2 figures.

ASSOCIATION: ČSAV, Chemicky ústav Slovenskej akadémie vied, Oddeľenie chémie alkaloidov, Bratislava (Czechoslovak AS,
Institute of Chemistry of the Slovak Academy of

Card 2/3

Alkaloids from Vinca ...

Z/043/63/000/001/003/004
D287/D307

Sciences, Department of Alkaloid Chemistry, Bratislava)

SUBMITTED: June 6, 1962

Card 3/3

VOTICKY, Z.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Organic Chemistry. Natural Substances G
and Their Synthetic Analogues.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimia, No 18, 1958, 61103.

Author : L. Dubrakova, I. Jezo, P. Sefcovic, Z. Voticky,
Inst : -
Title : Synthesis of Some Derivatives of Alkaloids. XI.

Orig Pub: Chem. zvesti, 1957, 11, No 11, 656-659.

Abstract: The synthesis of 5-methylallolupinane (I) of 6-methyl-2-vinylpyridiene (II) is described. 1-[6'-methylpyridyl-(2')]3-carbethoxypentanone-4 (III) is prepared by the condensation of 1 mole of II with 0.2 mole of $\text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_2\text{COOC}_2\text{H}_5$ (passing HCl through 4 to 6 hours, 5 hours of boiling), yield

Card 1/3

CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Organic Chemistry. Natural Substances G
and Their Synthetic Analogues.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 18, 1958, 61103.

Abstract: by the hydrogenation of 0.06 mole of IV in 120 ml of absolute alcohol (4 g of Raney's catalyst, 150 atm, 200 to 220°) with the evaporation of the acidified filtrate until dry and extraction of the alkaline residue with ether, yield 61%, boiling point 53 to 55/8 mm; semichloroplatinate - dissociation point 185 to 186°, picrate - melting point 156 to 158°. See report X in RZhKhim, 1958, 28943.

Card 3/3

CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Organic Chemistry - Synthetic Organic Chemistry.

G-2

Abz Jour: Referat Zhur-Khimiya, No 5, 1958, 14415.

205-206; with R = $(C_2H_5)_2N$: C₆H₅, 113-115/0.2 mm, 102-103,
149-150; Ar¹, 133-134/0.15 mm, 98-99, 118-119; Ar², 142-
144/0.15 mm, 126-127; Ar³, 161-163/0.2 mm, 158-159, 182-
183; Ar⁴, 163-165/0.2 mm, 159-160, 185-186; with R = N-
piperidyl: C₆H₅, 109-110/0.1 mm, 139-140, 128-129; Ar¹,
156-157/0.2 mm, 147-148, 133-134; Ar², 164-166/0.2 mm,
169-170, 191-192; Ar³, 172-174/0.2 mm, 224-225, 195-196;
Ar⁴, 176-178/0.2 mm, 179-180, 199-200; with R = N-morpholyl:
C₆H₅, 123-124/0.1 mm, 202-203, 140-141; Ar¹, 160-161/0.15 mm,
171-172, 150-151; Ar², 178-180/0.15 mm, 185-186, 193-195;
Ar³, 191-193/0.25 mm, 227-228, 195-196; Ar⁴, 203-205/0.2 mm,

Card : 2/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001861110004-9

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001861110004-9

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001861110004-9"

Preparation of alkyl- and arylureas. I. Ježq, K. Dabor,
and Z. Votický. Výsk. ústav pro farin. a biotechn., Bratis-
lava (Czech.). Chem. Zvesti 6, 273-8 (1952).—By reaction
of alkyl- or arylamines with melted urea or monoalkyl- or
monoarylureas are formed the corresponding sym. and
asym., di- or trialkyl- or arylalkylureas. Jan Micka

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

VOTICKY, Z.; TOMKO, J.; DOLEJS, L.; HANUS, V.

1. Chemical Institute, Slovak Academy of Sciences,
Department of Alkaloids, Bratislava - (for Voticky
and Tomko); 2. Institute of Organic Chemistry and
Biochemistry, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, Prague,
(for Dolejs); 3. Institute of Physical Chemistry, Czech-
oslovak Academy of Sciences, Prague (for Hanus).

Prague, Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communi-
cations, pp 3705-3710.

"Alkaloids from Buxus sempervirens L. Part 4: The
structure of buxtauine."

(4)

VOTICKY, Z.

① 6
Some derivatives of triazolopyrimidine, I, Jeto and
Z. Voticky (Vyskum, Ustav pre farm. a biologiu, Bratis-
lava, Czech.). Chem. Zeits. 6, 357-60 (1952). The follow-
ing 4-methyl- (I) and 4,6-dimethyl-5,7-dioxo-4,5,6,7-tetra-
hydro-o-triazolopyrimidine (II) - 2-(*p*-substituted-phenyl-
derivs. were prep'd. from 3-methyl- and 1,3-dimethyl-4-
aminouracil, resp., and the corresponding diazonium compds.
(parent compd., substituent, and m.p. given): I, OEt, 307-
7.5°; II, OEt, 197.5-8.0°; I, CO₂H, 296° (decompn.); II
CO₂H, 265° (decompn.); I, H, 206-96.5°; II, H, 208.5-
9.0°; I, SO₂H, above 350°; II, SO₂H, above 350°

Jan Micka

MOKRY, Jozef, inz., C.Sc.; KOMPIS, Ivan, inz., C.Sc.; SUCHY, Jan, inz.,
C.Sc.; SEFCOVIC, Pavel, dr., inz., C.Sc.; VOTICKY, Zdeno, dr.,
inz., C.Sc.

Alkaloids from the Vinca minor L. Part 5: Constitution of vincamines.
Chem zvesti 17 no.1:41-53 Ja '63.

1. Chemicky ustav Slovenskej akademie vied, Oddelelne chemie
alkaloidov, Bratislava, Dubravská cesta.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

TOMKO, J; VOTIČKY, Z; BUDZIKIEWICZ, H; DURNÍK, L. J.

Institute of Chemistry, Department of Alkaloids of the
Slovak Academy of Sciences, Bratislava (for all)

Prague, Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communications,
No 10, 1965, pp 3320-3323

"Alkaloids of Veratrum album Subsp. lobelianum (Bernh.)
Suossenguth. X. Structure of Veramarine."

VOTIK, Ota

Attempt at developing new methods for early diagnosis of
malignant diseases of the cervix uteri. Sborn.ved.prac.lek.
fak. Karlov. Univ. (Hrad.Kral.) 6 no.3; Supplement:401-405 '63.
1. Gynekologicko-porodnicka klinika v Hradci Kralove; pred-
nosta: prof. MUDr. J.Pazourek, DrSc.

REZACOVA, Zdena; ANTOS, Jaroslav; VOTIK, Ota

Sexual behavior of mature and fertile women. Sborn. ved. prac. lek.
fak. Karlov univ. (Hrad Kral) 4 no.5:645-649 '61.

1. Gynekologicko-porodnicka klinika; prednosta prof. DrSc. MUDr.
J. Pazourek. (SEX BEHAVIOR) (PREGNANCY) (LABOR)

ANDRYS, Josef; VOTIK, Ota

Colposcopic examination of precancerous conditions and pre-clinical cancer. Sborn. ved. prac. lek. fak. Karlov. Univ. 8 no. 3291-298 '65.

1. Porod.-gynekologicka klinika (prednosta: prof. MUDr. K. Vacha, DrSc.) Karlovy University v Hradci Kralove.

VACHA, Karel; VOTIK, Otakar; NYKLICEK, Otakar

Inveterate inversion of the puerperal uterus. Sborn. ved. prac.
lek. fak. Karlov. univ.: Suppl. 8 no.4:435-443 '65.

1. Gynekologicko-porodnicka klinika (prednosta prof. MUDr. K.
Vacha, DrSc.) a Gynekologicke oddeleni Obvodniho ustavy narodniho
zdravi Nachod (prednosta doc. MUDr. O. Nyklicek, CSc.).

VOTIK, Ota; VACHA, Karel; HANOUSEK, Jaroslav

Differential diagnosis difficulties in eclampsia and acute brain injuries. Sborn. ved. prac. lek. fak. Karlov. univ. (Hrad Kral) 4 no.5:629-633 '61.

1. Gynekologicko-porodnicka klinika; prednosta prof. DrSc. MUDr. Pazourek Gyn.-por. oddeleni KUNZ v Pardubicich; prednosta primar MUDr. J. Hanousek.
(PREGNANCY COMPLICATIONS) (BRAIN INJURY ACUTE)
(ECLAMPSIA)

VOTIK, Ota (gyn. por. odd. Usti n. L., Pasteurova 9.)

Brief analysis of the incidence of premature labors in the Regional
National Health Institute in Usti n. L. during 1955-1956. Cas. gyna.
2)[37] no.4:280-284 June 58.

L. Gyn. por. odd. KUNZ v Usti n. L., primar MUDr K. Vacha.
(LABOR,
premature, causes (Cz))

YOHOUTEK, Miroslav; ANDRYS, Josef; VOTIK, Ota

Untoward results of artificial interruption of pregnancy. Cesk. Gyn.
25[39] no.9:691-694 H '60.

1. Gyn.por.klin. v Hradci Kralove, prednosta prof. MUDr. J.Pazourek,
Dr. Sc. (PREGNANCY THERAPEUTIC compl)

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001861110004-9

FIXA, B.; KOMARKOVA, O.; technicka spoluprace: VOTIKOVA, J.

Examination of acid and basic gastric secretion in clinical practice.
Cesk. gastroent. vyz. 15 no.7:490-497 N '61.

1. II interni klinika LF KU v Hradci Kralove, prednosta doc. MUDr.
Vilo Jurkovic. (GASTRIC JUICE)

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001861110004-9"

VOTIN

HUNGARY/Pharmacology, Toxicology. Diuretics

U-7

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 4, 1958, No 17744

Author : Kosh, Votin, Daniel.

Inst : Not Given

Title : The Treatment of Thrombophlebitis with Butazolidin

Orig Pub : Orv. hetilap, 1955, 96, No 42, 1170-1172

Abstract : Butazolidin was used in the treatment of 30 patients afflicted with thrombophlebitis of various degrees of severity and etiology (post-operative, varicose and septic). The majority of the patients showed improvement in 6 days. One patient suffered a relapse 5 days after the end of the treatment. There were no side effects.

Card : 1/1

KOS, Endolf, dr.; VOTIN, Jozsef, dr.

Clinical problems of staphylococcal hospitalism. Orv. hetil.
101 no. 25:881-886 19 Je '60.

1. Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem, II. sz. Sebeszeti Klinika.
(STAPHYLOCOCCAL INFECTIONS epidemiol.)
(HOSPITALS)

VOTIN, József, Dr.; KOS, Rudolf, Dr.

Correlation between penicillin sensitivity and abscesses caused by injections. Borgyogy. vener. szemle 12 no.4-5:184-186 Aug-Oct 53.

1. A Budapesti Orvostudományi Egyetem II. számú Sebészeti Klinikájának kozleménye (Igazgató: Klimko Dezső dr. Egyetemi tanár).

(PENICILLIN, inj. eff.
abscesses caused by penicillin inject., correlation with allergy to penicillin (Hun))

(ALLERGY
to penicillin, correlation with incidence of abscesses caused by penicillin inject. (Hun))

KOS, Rudolf, Dr.; VOTIN, Jozsef, Dr.

Therapy of painful conditions of the locomotor organs by prednisolone injections. Orv. hetil, 99 no.35:1223-1225 31 Aug 58.

1. A Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem II. sz. Sebeszeti Klinikajának
(igazgató: Kliniko Dezso dr. egyet. tanár) kozleménye.

(JOINTS, dis.

ther., prednisolone, local admin. (Hun))

(PREDNISOLONE, ther. use
joint dis., local admin. (Hun))

VOTIN, Jozsef, Dr.; KOS, Rudolf, Dr.

Dangers of infection after local cortisone therapy. Orv. hetil. 99 no.12:
409-411 28 Mar 58.

1. A Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem 11 sz. Sebeszeti Klinikajának
(igazgató: Kliniko Dezso dr. egyet. tanár) közleménye.
(PREDNISOLONE, inj. eff.
infect. after local admin. (Hun))